













# THE CONSTITUTION,

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THE CONSTITUTION  
Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA, GA., SEPTEMBER 29, 1881.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

OUR EXPOSITION ISSUE.

We beg those who have advertising contracts for the exposition issue to send in their copy to-day. This issue has already gone beyond our most sanguine expectations, and it is absolutely essential that we should have the matter in hand in order to know where to set the limit. Those advertisers who send in their matter to-day and to-morrow may rely upon getting a good position. Send in your matter this morning so that it can be put in type and properly edited.

KANSAS seems to have cowboys as well as Texas.

KING KALAKAUA paid his respects to King Arthur yesterday.

That is a pretty little love story reported from Columbia, Tennessee. Such things give spice to life.

The donation of \$500, by General Henry R. Jackson, to Lucy Cobb institute, might well be imitated by others.

MACVEIGH says he means it, and is in need less to add that Mr. Arthur means it too. The handwriting is on the wall.

EMORY STOKES doubtless feels complimented at his selection by Giteau as one of his counsel. The stalwarts always were a band of brothers.

The reported arrangement for the reorganization of the senate, made by some tender democratic senators, will hardly stand the scrutiny of the caucus. The negotiators may change their minds after they get over the fearfulness of the funeral.

The secretary of the treasury has begun to redeem the continued bonds. He took this step against the wishes of that noble and patriotic brotherhood, the national bankers. These bankers threatened to retire their circulation if the secretary called in any of the continued bonds, and the country waits to see them carry their threats into execution. The country does not seem to be in the least alarmed.

The consolidation of the East Tennessee lines, the Norfolk and Western and the Shenandoah Valley roads constitutes one of the most important events of this era of railroad combinations. The combined lines will tap nearly every part of the south, and Colonel Cole will soon have reason to congratulate himself upon the course of events. The Cole system is now fairly prepared for competition, and when its projected lines are completed it will be in a position to grant many more favors than it will ever need.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR comes from Baptist stock, but while he is not a communicant, he prefers the Episcopal church. Thus far in Washington he has attended church at St. John's, the old Episcopal church on Lafayette square, opposite the white house, where Hamilton Fish and Montgomery Blair were long the most conspicuous figures in the congregation. Buchanan was the last president who attended here. Nearly all the army and navy officers in the city go there. Attorney-General MacVegh and Postmaster-General James M. Leonard, a young man from Brooklyn, N. Y., who is now traveling in Europe.

## THE REPUBLICAN FACTIONS.

The report that Mr. Blaine will soon leave the cabinet is undoubtedly true. He could not remain long if he would, and he would not if he could. Mr. Arthur is the same man that he was a year ago, and Mr. Blaine has not materially changed. Each understands the other, and the plans and hopes of the two cannot be any better combined than can oil and water. One or the other of the two men must be on top. The whole truth is, official power has been by the death of President Garfield snatched from the opponents of a third term, and the 36 are only waiting a little on public sentiment to use it for all it is worth. Conkling is struggling to control his party in New York; Grant is present on all occasions at Washington, almost sleeping with the new president, and Logan is at Harrisburg in consultation with the Canrons.

The talk about a continuance of the Garfield policy and a retention of the Garfield cabinet is moonshine. The stalwarts are in power, and if there is a lot of men in the world who care nothing for sentiment it is the crowd labelled "stalwart." They will take possession just as soon and just as fully as their shrewdness dictates. The conservative republicans are to be turned out in the cold, and Ohio in particular will be relegated to a back seat. Mr. Blaine in insisting on an early acceptance of his resignation foresees the inevitable, and hastens to regain the freedom that he needs and will doubtless utilize. He is the most formidable politician in the republican party, and once out of office the stalwarts will have more reason to fear him than they do now. The fight from now on in the republican party will be sharp and unsparring, and as 1884 approaches its intensity and bitterness will increase. Mr. Blaine doubtless hopes and expects to control the next national republican convention and carry the standard that fell from the hands of the lamented Garfield. He inherits the popularity and strength of the dead statesman of Mentor, and the stalwarts have no one but Grant to put against him before the people. The battle of 1880 is to be fought over with this difference—the weight of official power has reinforced the machine. This contest is one that cannot be settled; it must go right on until disaster overtakes the whole concern,

and when that point is reached may the democrats be on hand with strong men at the front and a solid party behind them. The date of that event is not very distant.

## THE LIVERPOOL COTTON CORNER.

The English spinners are still endeavoring to depress the price of cotton in Liverpool by either stopping their mills or running on short time. Yesterday the Yorkshire spinners resolved to work only four days a week. The Oldham and Ashton mills suspended work for a week, but have resumed operations. The resolution of the Yorkshire spinners affects 900,000 spindles—a large number apparently upon the fact is recalled that there are forty millions of spindles in Great Britain. These movements to control the price of cotton will prove abortive in the future as they have in the past, and the spinners will be compelled to accept the losses that are really due to a want of foresight on their part. They claim that the brokers have conspired to make a corner, but the truth is said to be that out of three hundred brokers in Liverpool not over thirty ever engage in speculative operations. Mr. Morris Ranger and a few other large cotton brokers have secured a large quantity of cotton in the belief that the price must necessarily be higher. They knew, and the spinners should have known, that the last crop, although large, did not afford an average quantity of good cotton. The Ranger party knew that there was a scarcity of good cotton, and they knew that the spinners did not have a supply of it. In England, it should be remembered, the spinners buy raw cotton and sell yarn, and another class, called "manufacturers," buy yarn and sell cloth. The spinners in accordance with long-standing custom sold their production in advance by contract, but they did not buy or contract for enough cotton to cover the whole, or even the greater part of their selling contracts. The spinners sold short, and now that they are forced into a position where they can only spin at a loss we do not see that they have good grounds for public complaint. If cotton had gone down they would have pocketed additional profits without consulting the public; and now that it has gone up they should shoulder their loss and say no more about it. Mr. Morris Ranger and his associates may not be patriots, but they certainly are not conspirators or wrongdoers because they bought all the cotton they had means to buy, and are holding it at higher prices. The spinners decided, contrary to their custom, to depend in good part upon the current supply of cotton, after selling yarns short, and the probability is they will have to purchase at prices that suit the views of the Liverpool corner. They will not have so much money at the end of the year, but they will know more; and hereafter their contracts for the sales of yarns will probably be fully covered. In this way they can make corners of the Liverpool kind impossible, while at the same time they earn a reasonable and known profit. When spinners become speculators they must take their chances, and any refusal to buy is child's play, for all the world knows they must have a certain quantity of cotton in the long run.

## THE LEASE OF THE WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

The legislature after an unusually long session has adjourned, having done some wise things and some that were unwise. Among the latter we are obliged to class the resolutions instructing the attorney general, in case he is not satisfied about certain points referred to him, to commence suit for the forfeiture of the lease of the Western and Atlantic railroad.

If there is any one thing upon which the people of Georgia are practically a unit, it is their approval of the lease of the State road. The company took it when it was very much run down and in a dangerous condition; when the Bullock administration was calling for half a million dollars as an appropriation to repair it. The lessees were men of high character and they have complied with the law of the lease in every particular. We understand there has never been an instance, in nearly eleven years, when they have fallen one single day behind in the payment of the monthly rental when due. They always pay on the last day of the month unless it is Sunday, and then they pay on the Saturday before. They have put their earnings into the improvement of the road, till experienced railroad men say it is worth from half a million to a million dollars more than when the lessees took it. We understand the actual cost of these improvements paid for out of the incomes of the company have been between five and seven hundred thousand dollars. There is no provision in the lease act that gives the company anything for betterments, and still they have gone forward and taken up old iron rails and put down new steel rails, and torn out old wooden bridges and put in new iron bridges, and in every particular they have brought up the road from a condition where it could scarcely be operated to first class. For the first three or four years the company paid not a dollar of dividends to the stockholders but put everything into the improvements of the road. They then issued a batch of income bonds and they have since been paying the interest and part of the bonds out of the net earnings made by the company. Their income is now a very handsome one. But the present legislature having authorized Colonel Cole to build a railroad by the side of the Western and Atlantic railroad it will of course take off a large part of the profits of the lessees for the next few years and no reasonable man can calculate on extravagant incomes with this competition. It follows therefore that when the incomes are averaged through the 20 years the net amount will be comparatively small in view of the heavy responsibility the lessees took and the great efforts they have made, and the good faith with which they have kept their contract.

In this state of the case resolutions were introduced into the two houses providing for the appointment of a committee to investigate two questions, one the present ownership of the shares and the other whether the company had been guilty of discrimination against any railroad companies or individuals. The current report about the streets at the time was that the lobby had done all in their power to instigate such a proceeding in the hopes of receiving compensation for defending the lease, but we understand the president of the road announced that he would employ no one to defend a measure so well settled and so generally satisfactory to the people. It was also reported by Madam Rumor that certain able attorneys in the state were competent to do more business than they have at present, and that they have no objection to a heavy suit in court to determine the validity of the State road lease, as they would expect to be retained, or in some way to get in as counsel for the state; and after five or ten years litigation, after the case has probably been to the supreme court of the United States, to bring in bills for five or ten thousand dollars each for services rendered to the people to be paid out of the people's treasury. We paid no attention to either report supposing really that the investigation amounted to nothing, as we did not presume the representatives of the people would be guilty of a fault, or desire to misrepresent the wishes of their constituents by any attempt to disturb the lessees of the State road; or by an attempt to get up a long and expensive litigation between the people of the state, who are satisfied with the lease and the lessees of the road who have dealt in perfect good faith with the people.

But we find we were mistaken in this calculation. The committee, after a long investigation and after publishing a considerable volume of testimony at the expense of the state, finally agreed on a unanimous report, referring two questions to the attorney general, one as to the sufficiency of the bond given by the lessees. And we remark just here, we are unable to find in the resolution appointing the committee, any instructions to them to investigate that question. The other to inquire whether there have been transfers of shares to persons outside of the state, putting a majority of the stock out of the state. We believe it is not contended by any one that a majority of those who appear on the books of the company to be owners of the shares reside out of the state. But the committee raised the question whether they are all bona fide owners or whether they may not represent parties outside of the state; in the event the attorney general is not satisfied on the last proposition he has to commence proceedings for the forfeiture of the lease. If he is not satisfied about the bond he has to give sixty days within which to give a new bond or to make the new one good, or he is to commence proceedings to forfeit the lease. Now, we can see no earthly use for all this ado unless it be in the interest of attorneys. The people certainly have no interest in getting up such litigation. The bond of the lessees requires two things; first, the prompt payment of the rental each month; second, that the road be returned in as good condition as the lessees found it. As already stated, for nearly eleven years the lessees have paid promptly the monthly rental on the day it was due, while they had under the law twenty days after the end of the month within which to pay it. The character of those who control the company for financial promptness is a sufficient guarantee that there will never be any doubt about the prompt payment of the rental. And there is certainly no use for a bond at all on the other proposition, for as the road is now worth more than half a million of dollars in excess of its value when the lease was made, and the business is so much larger than it was ten years ago, it would be impossible for the lessees to transfer the business of the road, if they were to let it run down as low as it was when they got it. We have, therefore, in the present condition of the road and the necessity that compels them to keep it in better order than they got it, an ample guarantee that it will be returned as good as when received. Then why should we go to law at this stage with the lessees on the question of the bond or on the question of the ownership of the shares? There was a provision in the lease act that the company who were to become lessees should have a majority of them be citizens of Georgia. This was to prevent the road from falling into the hands of a company of northern speculators who might be irresponsible. But there is no provision in the lease act that requires the original lessees to continue to own their shares or to continue to keep a majority of their shares in the state. Nor is there any provision in case there is a majority of one in the state that if that one were to sell his share to somebody out of the state this would forfeit the interest of the rest of the shareholders. It would simply be absurd. The law makes provision in case of the death of one of the lessees, in certain contingencies, that the ordinary may order his share sold, and there is nothing that prevents a citizen of another state from buying it. This might turn the scale and put a majority of the shareholders outside of the state. Would anybody contend that the lease was forfeited on that account, or that the public care one way or the other whether the shares were still held by the original lessees or by some other good citizens?

The original lessees being by statute the directors for the whole period of the lease and in case of the death of either his legal representatives being directors; and the original lessees being alone responsible to the state, they have the management, and they have managed well and to the satisfaction of the people. Then why do the people of Georgia care who may own bonds on the company or who may own pecuniary interests in the shares? Why have a lawsuit that will cost the state of Georgia probably from \$25,000 to \$50,000 in expenses and lawyers' fees and cost the lessees a large amount about a proposition that nobody in Georgia cares for?

As to the bond, we have no doubt, from all we have learned, that it was originally executed according to law, that the railroad companies which signed it were bound, and that the present security of the lessees is worth more than twenty millions of dollars. It is true that Mr. Wadley has testified that the Central road is not liable because they gave either him or William B. Johnston the right to indorse for a company satisfactory to him, and that he did not give his approval to the company. We think it a sufficient reply to this that Mr. Johnston who was an officer and director of the company under that authority did indorse and reported his proceedings back to the company, and for eleven years they have passed no resolution disapproving nor has Mr. Wadley given the public any notice that he did not approve the company, but, on the contrary, has purchased an interest in the lease. Therefore it is too late now for either Mr. Wadley or the Central railroad to deny the liability of that company on the bond of the lessees. They are clearly estopped by the act of their agent that was reported to them and which they have never

disapproved, but have permitted the public to act under the impression that they were bound for more than half the period of the lease. But as already stated if there were no bond, there is not a citizen of Georgia under any apprehension. We can neither lose by a failure to return the road in as good condition as the lessees got it, as it is out of the question for it to be worse; and as judging from their past conduct every one knows they do not intend we shall; nor could we lose by the non-payment of the monthly rental; for if the lessees fail for as much as twenty days to pay that, the governor has the right to declare the lease forfeited and take charge immediately. Then why all this litigation? What motive could either the committee or the legislature have had for authorizing any such a proceeding?

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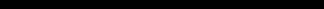
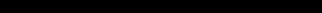
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## Special Correspondence Constitution.





## LOCAL TIN-TYPES

FROM OUR REPORTERS' POCKET CAMERAS.

Yesterday in the City—What was Done and Said by Home-Folk and Strangers—The Gossip of the Town as Taken on the Fly—in and about the Courts and Departments.

**THE MEETING TO-NIGHT.**—Our readers are requested to remember the citizens' meeting that is to be held to-night at DeGue's opera-house to complete arrangements for a proper participation on the part of our citizens in the ceremonies of "opening day." The committee appointed at the meeting last week will be prepared to submit a plan of operation and from their well known capacity and public spirit, we have no reason to doubt that their suggestions will be practical, liberal, and very much to the point. This committee, as our readers are aware, was appointed to relieve the director general and the executive committee from any additional care as to the preparation that should be made within the corporate limits of the city, for suitable decorations and such other things as might be required to make this celebration of Atlanta's great gala day worthy in all respects of the occasion. We understand that there is in the city a decorator from Cincinnati of large experience, who is prepared to do all work of that kind that is needed on either a large or small scale at very moderate prices indeed. Where our citizens are not able to give personal attention to this matter the services of this gentleman will undoubtedly be called into requisition. If the ladies of our city will accompany their husbands and brothers to the meeting to-night and aid the citizens' committee by the inspiration of their presence, it will contribute materially to the interest of the meeting and to the success of the work that remains to be executed. Among other things the meeting should not neglect the appointment of sub-committees, among whom the different streets should be divided, that all the families residing on them may be seen, and invited to decorate their residences. It will be remembered that the exposition closes to-day at five in the evening. Next Wednesday our city will be visited by two distinguished visitors, and preparations should be made by our public spirited citizens for such social entertainments as will be given, and which will be appropriate at such a time. There are numerous other things that will suggest themselves to the leaders of society who will doubtless be able to have only to urge all, both ladies and gentlemen, to attend the meeting to-night and aid our citizens' committee in preparing for Wednesday.

At the regular meeting of the executive committee of the exposition held Tuesday evening, the programme of entertainment was presented, and received the cordial and unanimous approval of every member. All the details of the programme were carefully considered. In appropriateness, beauty and impressiveness, the programme of opening day will equal anything that has ever been provided for any previous industrial exposition.

Every great fair calls out from their hiding places multitudes of curious things that have been hidden for years and the exhibition is no exception to the general rule. Scarcely a day passes that applications are not received for the admission of all sorts of oddities, the majority of which would be entirely out of place in the coming world's fair. But now and then something really valuable is brought to light. Among other objects of interest that have been accepted, are three ancient tin hammers that were used during the revolutionary war, and a hand saw that was used by a very worthy and excellent old man, who, in March, 1846, when Atlanta consisted of three log stores, brought his saw to the city to be used in the building of the city. The old gentleman was the pioneer of the great cotton industry that now centers in this city, and he was the first to visit the place and see the wonderful changes that have occurred in the thirty-five years that have passed.

**LARCENY.**—Jack Foster and Jim Pullin, two colored individuals, were arrested by officers for robbing Rapp, Goodson and Specter upon a warrant charging them with larceny.

**FIXING FOR WINTER.**—Yesterday morning Mr. B. Vittori's residence, 23 Magazine street, was entered while the family was breakfasting and robbed of a fine overcoat and some winter wear.

**STEALING PANTS.**—Mr. F. M. Scott's residence, corner of Jackson and Harris streets, was burglariously entered yesterday and a pair of fine diagonal pants and a white handkerchief stolen therefrom.

**NEARLY WELL.**—Master Willie Wilson, son of Dr. Wilson, the broad street druggist, is rapidly improving and will in a few days be able to appear upon the streets. It is thought by his physicians that he will be able to use an artificial limb in a short time.

**GOOD APPOINTMENT.**—The reappointment of Mr. Frank Harrison to the librarianship of the state by Governor Colquhoun speaks well for the manner in which Mr. Harrison discharged his duties during his recent term. As a faithful, efficient and competent officer Mr. Harrison has no superior.

**IN AGAIN.**—Among the station house devotees is a white woman known as Mrs. M. J. Smith, who, at one time occupied a good social position in an adjacent town. She is well educated and has yet the traces of refinement that was once the pride of a good family. Her sin is liquor and her condition a sad one.

**ON A WARRANT.**—Frank Norris, a colored boy, was yesterday arrested by Captain Connolly and Officer Seal upon a warrant issued in Habersham county. Some weeks ago Norris was suspected of having robbed a house, but before the case could be established he fled. A warrant was issued and a warrant was sent to Captain Connolly, and today Norris will be returned to Habersham.

**PAPER SACKS.**—Ann Chandler, a colored woman, was detected stealing a bundle of paper sacks from Lewis's crockery factory yesterday. Even though Officer Christopherson was called in and in a short time Ann was in the calaboose, meditating upon her deeds of wickedness. A warrant charging her with larceny will be procured to-day and she will be returned to the city and held immediately thereafter.

**OUT OF THE CHAIN-GANG.**—Mr. Jake Emmel, superintendant of the city chain-gang, yesterday released ten prisoners whose terms expired with the day. They were Frank Johnson, who served a term for Steinhilber Turner ten days, William Bell ten days, J. L. Garrett twenty days, and Zach Taylor twenty days. The total number of days served by the gang was seventy, which is equivalent to \$35 according to the assessed value of a day in the chain-gang.

**HUNTING FOR HIM.**—Tuesday evening last Mr. J. M. Birge's residence, five miles from Atlanta, on the Marietta road, was entered during the temporary absence of the family and robbed of quite a quantity of household clothing, one golden shawl and a silver-handled revolver. The burglar was seen leaving the house, but his retreat was so rapid that his capture was impossible. He is described as a ginger-colored negro, about 18 years of age. He has a smooth face and was dressed in a light suit of clothes and a broad-brimmed white hat. He is thought to be in Atlanta.

**FASHIONABLE WEDDING.**—On the 12th of October, Miss Alice Selig, one of Atlanta's most cultured young ladies will be wedded to Mr. Joseph Jacobus, of Hawkinsville. Miss Selig is a sister of the Selig Bros. of this city, and has long been the idol of her home circle, as well as the pride of a host of friends. Mr. Jacobus is one of the leading merchants of Hawkinsville. The invitations are now being sent, and are made of the quality of the Constitution. The ceremony will be performed at the bride's home, 125 Forsyth street.

**THE TWO MEDALLIONS.**—Johnson & Miller's Operatic Comedy Company appear in the above comedy romance at DeGue's opera house Friday and Saturday nights; matinee Saturday afternoon. Harry Leslie's opera band and orchestra accompany the company. The two Medallions is a musical comedy abounding in ridiculous scenes, and is exceedingly funny. The comedy is a good one, and prominent in it is that fascinating star, Amy Lee, daughter of the old-time Atlanta favorites, Rose and Harry Winters.

**STRAYING TOOLS.**—Yesterday John Henderson, a negro man, went to the depot and attempted to sell him a saw and a square. From Henderson's conduct the doctor suspected him of having stolen the property, and after questioning him awhile induced him to leave the tools and call again for his pay. During the conversation which led Dr. Thompson to think that Mr. Frank Reid might know something of the property, and in a short time the doctor was in the hands of Reid's stable, where he learned that his surmise was correct. When Henderson returned to Dr. Thompson's house, he was told that the trunk had been turned over to a negro man employed at the car shed. The driver also pointed out the man to

whom he had delivered the trunk, when it was learned that he had taken the trunk to a merchant's store, in obedience to the merchant's orders. It was also learned that when the trunk reached the merchant's store he said it was not his and requested the boy to take it back, but he would not. After the trunk had been recovered, the negro was charged from his position, his conduct during the entire investigation having aroused the suspicion of his employers. The merchant in whose possession the trunk was found rendered the authorities every possible aid.

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**—To the Citizens of Atlanta: The undersigned citizens' committee, appointed at the meeting at DeGue's opera-house, on Friday evening last, to co-operate with the executive committee of the International cotton exposition, would most earnestly request the citizens generally to meet the two committees at the representative hall, at the capitol, on Thursday evening next at 8 o'clock. The object is to lay before the public the necessities for united action on the part of the people of Atlanta and the officers of the exposition. The future of Atlanta is deeply involved in the success of the enterprise, and the sympathy and support of all our citizens. It is not proposed at this meeting, to call for subscriptions of any kind, but to acquaint the public with the facts in relation to the exposition, so that Atlanta, through the enterprise, generosity and hospitality of her inhabitants may establish itself permanently as one of the leading cities of this country. The opportunity is before us—it will not come again. Then let all our ladies and gentlemen—attend, for we feel assured in pledging an evening of unusual interest, we will in all respects of the occasion. We understand that there is in the city a decorator from Cincinnati of large experience, who is prepared to do all work of that kind that is needed on either a large or small scale at very moderate prices indeed. Where our citizens are not able to give personal attention to this matter the services of this gentleman will undoubtedly be called into requisition. If the ladies of our city will accompany their husbands and brothers to the meeting to-night and aid the citizens' committee by the inspiration of their presence, it will contribute materially to the interest of the meeting and to the success of the work that remains to be executed. Among other things the meeting should not neglect the appointment of sub-committees, among whom the different streets should be divided, that all the families residing on them may be seen, and invited to decorate their residences. It will be remembered that the exposition closes to-day at five in the evening. Next Wednesday our city will be visited by two distinguished visitors, and preparations should be made by our public spirited citizens for such social entertainments as will be given, and which will be appropriate at such a time. There are numerous other things that will suggest themselves to the leaders of society who will doubtless be able to have only to urge all, both ladies and gentlemen, to attend the meeting to-night and aid our citizens' committee in preparing for Wednesday.

**PERSONAL.**  
—Ed Guthrie went down to Savannah yesterday.  
—L. C. Buff, of Chicago, passed through Atlanta yesterday en route to New Orleans.  
—Miss Fannie Spiller, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. T. Anderson on Whitehall street.

—Colonel Marcellus Eugene Thornton, a well-known journalist of this city, came in on the Air-Line to-night and is at the Kimball.  
—Dr. A. T. Spaulding, pastor of the Second Baptist Church of this city left yesterday for Galveston, Texas, to deliver a series of lectures.  
—The social event of the season will be the reception extended by Governor Bullock to Judge Hill, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, and other distinguished guests, to-night. Cards of invitation have been issued.

—Mr. H. C. Leonard, manager of the Bradstreet advertising agency at this city, is in the city. During his absence Mr. E. M. Thurston, his able assistant, is controlling the office.  
—Miss Belle and Lizzie King, two of Augusta's most popular young ladies, came down from Marietta yesterday, where they have been spending some time with relatives.

—Mrs. W. H. Baker, Miss Mamie Baker and Miss Alice Baker, wife and daughters of W. H. Baker, son of the late John Baker, public school teacher, left for their home in that city yesterday.

—Dr. J. F. McKee, of Apopka City, Florida, left on the Commercial's table a package of letters that came from a tree which has 2,000 more of the same sort. The doctor is a great admirer of Florida and its fruits.

**The Supreme Court.**—List of circuits showing the cases remaining undispensed of.

**SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.**  
No. 5. Wood, executrix, vs. McCall. Trover from Southern circuit, 21; Patula circuit, 19; Chattahoochee circuit, 35; Macon circuit, 29; Flint circuit, 17; Rome circuit, 3; Cherokee circuit, 21; Augusta circuit, 17; Middle circuit, 3; Ocmulgee circuit, 8; Brunswick circuit, 3; Macon circuit, 17; Northern circuit, 11; Atlanta circuit, 46.

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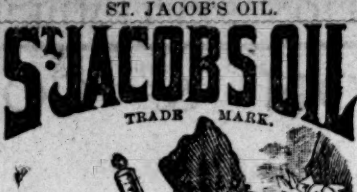
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Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacob's Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparative trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

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Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

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**HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.**

**SOMETHING EVERY LADY OUGHT TO KNOW!**

There exists a means of securing a soft and brilliant complexion, no matter how poor it may naturally be. Hagan's Magnolia Balm is a delicate and harmless article, which instantly removes freckles, tan, redness, roughness, eruption, vulgar flushings, etc., etc. So delicate and natural are its effects that its use is not suspected by anybody.

No lady has the right to present a disfigured face in society when the Magnolia Balm is sold by all druggists for 75 cents.

Feb 4—div tues thur sat sun next read mat.

**IMPERISHABLE PERFUME.**

**Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER.**

Best for TOILET, BATH, and SICK ROOM.

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**PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN,**  
Portrait and Landscape Painter,  
Has Removed His Studio to

**NO. 73-1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE**  
has fitted up rooms suitable to display his works of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Paintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.

The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Van Stavoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscape Painting.

**IF YOU HAVE A PATENT** FOR SALE, OR WISH TO exhibit it at the "Cotton Exposition," communicate with

**T. H. POWLES,**  
87 1/2 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

**\$500 REWARD.**

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Colic, where we cannot cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, when the directions are complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction.

Coated. Large boxes containing 30 Pills, 25 cents. For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeiters and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 151 and 153 West Madison street, Chicago. Free trial package sent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp.

**BEST FIRE-PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD.**

**WM. G. OSGOOD & CO., 17 S Broad St.**

**SAFE.**—My books, papers and money in a cheap time I will buy only Wm. G. Osgood & Co's Improved Safe. Atlanta Salesroom, 17 S Broad street.

**FOUND.**—That everything was secure after the fire at the Wm. G. Osgood & Co. Improved Safe opened on the combination. Atlanta Salesroom 17 South Broad street.

We will exchange you one of our large Improved Safes for your small old one at small difference.

**WM. G. OSGOOD & CO.,**  
17 S Broad street.

**STARTLING DISCOVERY!**

**LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.**

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple safe cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 423 Chestnut St., N. Y.

sepi 15—div sat tues thur ewkly

**WHITE MARBLE GRAVEL**

Is Best of all for Lawn and Garden Walks, because it LOOKS PRETTIER.

NEEDS NO REPAIRING, WILL LAST A WHOLE generation, will not wash off and the more it is worn the nicer it looks and makes a beautiful contrast with the green grass. Address

**J. N. C. CLOTWORTHY,**  
sepi 15—div Manufacturer, Knoxville, Tenn.

**LAND FOR SALE.**

**TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY ACRES OF** land four and a half miles from Fairburn, Campbell county, Georgia. One hundred acres open land; seven acres bottom land; the dwelling good, four-room house; good out houses; two settlements on the place; dwelling one-half mile from Fairburn; the railroad; a good water supply; a fine fruit; place well watered; price \$2,100 cash, or one-third cash and balance in two payments; if desired price will be sold; place fifteen miles from Atlanta. Address

**REUBEN A. LITTLE,**  
sepi 15—div Fairburn, Ga.

## CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

We have now in stock, and arriving daily, the most complete line of carpets, oil cloths, matting, lace curtains, shades, cornice mouldings and wall papers ever brought to this city.

Among them will be found the latest designs in Wilton's, moquets, body brussels, tapestry and ingrain, which, for beauty and style, cannot be surpassed by any house in the south.

Our stock of wall papers and ceiling decorations is the most complete and extensive ever brought to this market.

In our upholstering department we employ none but the most skilled workmen, and guarantee work equal in finish to any turned out in New York city.

We are determined not to be undersold and invite an inspection of our stock, feeling confident we can make it to your interest to purchase from us.



Having made arrangements to occupy the store-house of Moore, Marsh & Co., on the 30th of September, we will offer till that date our largest stock of China, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, etc., at prices never before approximated in this market, in order to avoid the expense and damage of moving.

McBRIDE & CO.

Jan 16 dly above we re top col

#### COTTON AND WEATHER.

Corros, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 71-16d; in New York, 12c; in Atlanta, 11 1/2c.

#### The Weather.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, fair weather, southerly winds, stationary barometer and temperature.

#### Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., KIMBALL HOUSE, September 28, 10:31 p. m. [All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.]

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Force.	Direction.	Weather.
Atlanta.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Augusta.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Columbus.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Galveston.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Indianapolis.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Key West.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Mobile.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Montgomery.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Port Eads.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Pensacola.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Evansville.....	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.

NOTE.—Force of Wind: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour; moderate, 3 to 5; fresh, 6 to 10; strong, 11 to 14; gale, 15 to 20; storm, 21 to 29; hurricane, 30 or more.

#### Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., September 28, 1881.

TIME.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Force.	Direction.	Weather.
6:31 a. m.	30.18	66	E.	Light	00	Cloudy.
10:31 " "	30.22	73	S. E.	Light	00	Cloudy.
2:00 p. m.	30.23	78	S. E.	Light	00	Cloudy.
3:31 " "	30.23	78	S. E.	Light	00	Cloudy.
6:31 " "	30.17	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.
10:31 " "	30.19	72	E.	Light	00	Clear.

Mean daily bar. .... 30.17  
Mean daily therm. .... 72.5  
Mean daily humid. .... 83.3  
Total rainfall. .... .08

H. HALL,  
Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Rogers & Sons, and John Russell's Cutlery and Plated-ware; Haviland & Co.'s China, from France; Cut-Glass from Germany, Belgium and France; Earthenware, English and Domestic, in endless varieties and decorations, imported by myself direct from the manufacturers. I challenge competition in prices, style and quality.

HENRY SELTZER.

Hymes's Famous N. Y. Clothing House, 7 Whitehall street. The place where you can get the best clothing and furnishing goods for the least money.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,  
HEADQUARTERS FOR  
WATCHES.  
34 WHITEHALL STREET.

A. F. PICKERT,  
NEW WATCHES.  
THE  
SILVER PALACE,  
No. 5 Whitehall Street,  
CENTENNIAL BUILDING.

A. F. PICKERT,  
decs-4th dly 1st col

For superior quality of SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES in Gold, Silver and Steel, you will find the place at No. 5 Whitehall street. Not induced by high prices for inferior goods, I guarantee a perfect fit of every pair I sell, and as I only keep the very best of Lenses in White and Tinted, guarantee every pair to give satisfaction for four years. Give me a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

A. F. PICKERT.

Wholesale and Retail Jeweler.  
decs-2nd dly 4th p

#### MEETINGS.

[Notice of meetings, not exceeding ten lines, will be inserted under this head for one dollar.]

A call communication of Fulton Lodge No. 216 F and M will be held this (Thursday) night at 7:30 o'clock, for the purpose of conferring the E. A. degree. By order of the W. M. OTTO SPARKS, Secretary.

#### TARIFFS.

Rules, Regulations and Classifications Adopted by the Railroad Commission of Georgia.

THE CONSTITUTION job office has just published the foregoing work for the railroad commission, and is prepared to print copies for the various railroads in very convenient form, certified by the commission to be correct to date, July 15, 1881, with the substance of all circulars to No. 16, inclusive.

July 29-dit

Our new illustrated catalogue and price list for the fall of 1881 is now ready for distribution.

Send 3 cent stamp and have one mailed to your address.

J. P. STEVENS & CO.,  
Jewelers.

seps-2nd dly 3th dly 3d col

Falls Into a Ditch.

Shortly after dark last night an unknown white man stepped from the pavement on Foundry street, near Marietta, into a ditch about four feet deep. The street laborers had been excavating for the purpose of sinking curbing, and failed to put out danger signals. The gentleman was slightly injured in the back, besides having a shoulder dislocated.

#### Notes.

ATLANTA, September 28.—Having bought out the business of John H. Stetson and L. H. Clarke in Atlanta, I will continue the same at the old stand, 6 Whitehall street.

J. A. CHRISTIAN.

## CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,

HAVE NOW IN

The most complete stock of Dry Goods, embracing all the latest Novelties in

DRESS GOODS PLUSHES, RHADMAS, LADIES' CLOTHS, BEAUTIFUL NEW STYLES BLACK GOODS.

HOSIERY—IN LADIES, GENTS, CHILDREN'S.

TABLE LINEN—TOWELS, SHEETINGS, ETC.

ALSO, LARGEST STOCK

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES.

LACE CURTAINS, LAMBREQUINS, ETC.

And the best stock Ladies, Gents, Misses and Children's BOOTS and SHOES ever shown by us. All departments now full and selling fast. Call and see the prettiest goods ever shown here.

## CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.,

66 AND 68 WHITEHALL AND 1 TO 15 HUNTER STREET.

AGENTS BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.

#### THE EXPOSITION.

What a Live Man Says of It.

Mr D McDonald, of Louisville, is in Atlanta preparing for the grand display to be made at the exposition by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad. He says that his company will have the same show here that it did at the centennial, where it was said to be the most beautiful. Mr McDonald said last night to a CONSTITUTION man:

"I came down from Nashville last night, and on the sleeper with me were eight representative men from all parts of the west, and every one of them were coming here to make a great display at your cotton exposition. I have been through the west and north recently, and I have heard more talk of this than I ever heard of any show before. I am certain that you will have as many people here as your most sanguine people point to. And they are all coming to make a great display."

"The Hand-Book of Forms," prepared by Gilman & Thompson, will be issued from the press in a few days. The work has been examined with great care by several eminent lawyers, who pronounce it a most desirable work, not only for attorneys at law, but for all business men in general. It contains, in concise and plain language, the forms, contracts, and other documents, which are necessary in the conduct of business, and is a most valuable work for every business man to have.

The joint committee of the legislature, appointed to investigate the manuscript, reported as follows: The joint committee of the senate and house of representatives, appointed under the resolution of December 3, 1880, to examine and report upon the Hand-Book of Legal Forms, prepared by Messrs Gilman & Thompson, of the county of Jackson, submit the following report:

The manuscript was presented to the committee at the commencement of the present session of the general assembly. It was divided by the authors into five parts, one of which was a thoroughly revised and corrected edition of the work, and the other four were new additions to the work.

The committee are satisfied from this examination that the forms contained in this volume are safe and sufficient, as well as concise and accurate, and are therefore adapted to the general wants of those who wish to use legal forms.

H. D. McDANIEL,  
W. P. PRICE,  
J. B. BERRY,  
POPE BARROW,  
HENRY HILLYER.

#### Business Complications.

Yesterday Bradstreet's register from which the following points were gathered showed quite a number of business changes and complications in Georgia, Alabama and Tennessee. In this state at Harmony Grove, Goss & Co, general store, are said to be in a very bad way. For some time past they have been doing a good business and was supposed to be perfectly solvent. It was composed, so the public thought, of W. R. Goss and his son W. J. Goss, but recently the elder Goss has publicly declared that he has never had any connection with the firm. W. J. Goss is not able to liquidate his debts, so Bradstreet agency says. At Tuscaloosa, Alabama, G. W. Cox, who recently retired from business, is reported as insolvent. T. B. Goss, a general store, Headland, Henry county, Alabama, is reported as having failed. His liabilities are \$8,000 and his assets \$1,000 in goods. This failure is registered as a fraudulent one. Mr. Stucky bought \$10,000 worth of goods, but only a small amount can be found. He claims, however, to have sold the goods to W. S. Oats, of Headland. The goods have been attached. J. M. Hurst & Co, of Tuskegee, Alabama, general store, are closing out for the purpose of removing to Atlanta. Blakely & Co, general store and drugs at Liveley, Russell county, Alabama, are reported as having run behind in their payments. The firm is composed of J. B. Blakely and R. H. McCutcheon. Mr. McCutcheon is dissatisfied with the manner in which the affairs are conducted, and is trying to secure a dissolution and to have the business wound up.

Isidore Cohen, general store, Camden, Wilcox county, has made an assignment. Liabilities \$5,000, assets \$3,000.

Carle & Spencer, lumber dealers, Chattahoochee, Tenn., are reported as having disagreed. Mr. Spencer has filed a bill in equity asking the appointment of a receiver and for the dissolution of the partnership.

Case Presentation.

Last evening at the office of Dr. Willis Westmoreland there was a very happy occasion. It was the presentation of a cane to Dr. Matthews, the honorable and efficient representative of Hart county, whose labors in behalf of the bill to better regulate the practice of medicine in Georgia have been highly appreciated by the profession. The doctors of Atlanta presented him with a magnificent gold-headed cane, appropriately engraved. Dr. Stinson presented the cane with a few happy remarks, and Dr. Matthews responded in an equally felicitous manner.

Sentiments were proposed by various gentlemen and were answered in a true spirit.

The occasion will long be remembered by all who were present.

Mr. Cady's Class.

This afternoon Mr. Cady, the gentleman having charge of the music connected with the opening of the exposition, will meet his class of boys in the basement of Trinity church, and will give a lesson to the Atlanta who are willing to aid him in preparing the uniforms for the boys to attend also.

Religious.

The meetings at the First Baptist church are increasing in interest, and those who attend are being benefited. The addresses are short and interesting, and all the young especially, are invited to attend.

THE RIOTERS.—Judge Glenn yesterday disposed of the continued cases against the parties charged with being engaged in the disturbance on Marietta street Monday. J. J. Wright, Kelly Moore, George Montgomery and William Bell were fined twenty-five dollars each, and Sam Garrett fifteen dollars. In addition to these fines were imposed to the amount of \$250. An examination of the chain-gang book showed that the following names were recorded therein: J. J. Wright, 30 days; Kelly Moore, 30 days; George Montgomery, 30 days; William Bell, 30 days; Sam Garrett, 30 days; Clot Franchise, 20 days; Johnson, 20 days; Ford Johnson, 10 days; William Brown, 10 days; John Cobb, 10 days; Andy Foshty, 10 days; George Hunt, 2 days; Fred Fishman, 10 days; James Garner, 10 days; William Gordon, 10 days; John Phillips, 5 days; Sally Sims, 30 days; Nathan Burke, 20 days; Arch Cherry, 20 days; George Harris, 30 days; W. J. Murphy, 20 days; Ida Dixon, 10 days.

A count will show that Judge Glenn yesterday added 399 days to the work for the benefit of the chain-gang. The amount at which a day's service in the chain-gang is assessed is fifty cents, but no one would be sent for more than thirty days, although the fine imposed may be more than \$15; and at this rate \$150 added to \$250 was the receipts yesterday.

BEGINNING EARLY.—Yesterday a gentleman who resides at Newarth, came to Atlanta on the Western and Atlantic passenger train, which arrived at 12:45 o'clock. Soon after disembarking he went to the ticket office to purchase a ticket to Acworth, but when he put his hand into his pocket he found that his purse was gone. The gentleman says that he felt the pocket just before reaching the city, and is satisfied that it was taken from his pocket as he was leaving the car. The purse contained one hundred and forty dollars.

—Mr Ed Dillon, press agent for the "Two Medallions," is in the city arranging for his company, which appears in Atlanta Friday and Saturday next. This combination is one of the best and most appreciated in the country.

—Mr James W. Danell has just returned from a visit to New York, where he purchased an unparalleled stock of toys, willow ware and fancy goods. He will be here only a few days, when he will go on to Mobile to look after his business interests there.

Ex-Confederates in Missouri.

St. Louis, September 28.—A special from Moberly, Mo., says the city is crowded to overflowing to witness the reunion of the ex-confederates. Over 2,000 veterans from the line and marched to the fair grounds, where Governor Reynolds delivered an address. Permanent organization was effected, and ex-Governor Marmaduke was elected president.

Charged With Embezzlement.

New York, September 28.—George W. Hunt, paying teller of the Importers and Traders' bank, was arrested this morning, charged with the embezzlement of funds of the institution. It is believed that the defalcation is less than \$2,000.

## HIRSCH BROS.,

CLOTHIERS & TAILORS,

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

671 sept-8 dly un cham boy & co

## THE GEORGIA SUIT COMPANY,

Manufacturers of ladies, misses, children's and infants' clothing and underwear. Office and salesroom 39 Whitehall street.

We have constantly on hand a large and fashionable stock to fit the smallest baby or the largest lady, and will certainly save you money in purchasing from us, and we make all kinds of fashionable female garments to order, and if desired will furnish the material at the very lowest price.

Prompt attention given to all orders.

424 sept-10 d3m

## CLOTHING!

IN ALL STYLES AND QUALITY FROM MEDIUM TO THE FINEST FOR

MEN'S, YOUTHS AND BOYS,

AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

A FULL LINE OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Please call and examine goods and prices, as we intend to make it to your interest. Respectfully,

A. & S. ROSENFELD.

sepi-2nd d3m 8thp un gen suit co

## IMMENSE STOCK

OF

FINE AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING

FOR

MEN, BOYS AND YOUTHS,

RECEIVING DAILY AT

ATLANTA CASH CLOTHING STORE,

41 WHITEHALL STREET.

JAMES A. ANDERSON, Proprietor,  
545 may-15 d3f sun tues thur 4thp

JOHN H. JONES, Superintendent.

The Two Medallions.

This company comes praised by the press to not only from provincial but metropolitan publications. The unique operatic comedy will be presented Friday and Saturday nights and at the 2 o'clock matinee on the latter date. The following is from the Nashville correspondent of the New York Mercury, one of the most captious of critic papers, and a recognized authority in amusement matters: The regular season was opened on the 7th and 8th by Johnston and Miller's Operatic Comedy Company in "The Two Medallions," to fair houses. The play, an original production of Fred Miller, is amusing and remarkably well put upon the boards. The music is good, and accords with the plot and dialogue. The airs are sparkling and catchy. Any Lee deserves special notice for the artistic rendition of her role.

At The Kimball From Georgia.

W. W. Armstrong, A. M. Moore, Augustus, Robert L. Berner, Forsyth, James M. Best, Monroe; A. H. Cox, Latourne; L. R. Allen, Newman; W. C. Worrell, Culbert; T. W. Alexander, Marietta; P. A. Stovall, Augusta; Isaac S. Boyd, Atlanta; George F. Dubose, Sparta; William H. Cozart, Washington; George R. Black, Newman; Samuel H. Henson, Macon; A. H. Moore, Ophir; E. W. Alston, Atlanta.

Flags and all kinds of exposition decorations at Rust Proof office, a warranted pure.

sepi-2nd d1t

Mrs. Nace's first opening Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Over Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.

sepi-2nd d1t

Decorate everybody, for the opening of the exposition. Flags and decorations at Phillips & Crew's, No 6 Marietta street.

sepi-2nd d1t

OATS! OATS! OATS!

We have now in store 5,000 bushels choice Red Rust Proof oats, a warranted pure. We advise early purchases as prices will certainly go higher. 5,000 bushels mixed oats for feed, at prices much cheaper than corn for feeding. Just received a car of fine meal in white sacks. 20 cars choice Timothy hay, large and small bales. Mixed and white corn. 1,000 barrels flour all grades. Send in your orders at once before prices advance. MICKLEBERRY & WHITLOCK, 24 Alabama st.

sepi-2nd d1t

HE WAS APPREHENSIVE.

STEVENS'S POTTERY G.A.,  
August 18th, 1881.

DEAR SIR: I had a yoke of oxen whose necks became very sore from the yoke. As I could not afford to stop them from work, I was apprehensive that something would not make a cure. But to my gratification they were cured in a few days. It also made a speedy cure of a bad running sore on one of my mules and on the foot of one of my workmen. I consider it a valuable medicine. Respectfully,  
HENRY STEVENS.  
All druggists sell it. sepi-2nd d1t

REWARD.—ON WEDNESDAY A gold watch chain locket with black and grey stones, lost between Kimball house and exposition grounds. Return to Kimball house office. sepi-2nd d1t

## GREAT EXCITEMENT.

The attention of the public is daily being attracted to the finest and best stock of

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S

READY-MADE

"CLOTHING"

ever offered in this city, at unrivaled prices—prices that will suit all classes and purses. Our reputation is daily being established as the

"BOSS CLOTHIERS"

of the city. We have just received the following

Nos. of suits mentioned below:

50 No 1574 Men's Brown Cassimere Suits at.....\$ 8 50  
40 No 1214 Men's Gray Cassimere Suits at..... 8 00  
50 No 3127 Men's Blue Mixed Suits at..... 15 00  
60 No 1545 Men's Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 12 25  
75 No 3142 Men's Striped Cassimere Suits at..... 12 00  
50 No 1211 Men's Scotch Cassimere Suits at..... 15 50  
30 No 1506 Men's F'y Plaid Suits at..... 18 75  
25 No 1609 Men's Brown Plaid Suits at..... 11 65  
100 No 1406 Men's Black Suits at..... 25 00  
100 No 455 Men's Black Corded Cassimere Suits at..... 7 00

And to the Boys we say "COME" and examine our stock before spending your summer earnings elsewhere. Our stock of Boys' Clothing is inexhaustible, a few of which we mention below:

65 No 198 Boys' Gray Striped Cassimere Suits at \$ 7 00  
70 No 110 Boys' Brown Striped Cassimere Suits at..... 10 00  
60 No 4753 Boys' Black Corded Cassimere Suits at..... 6 25  
50 No 323 Boys' F'y Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 5 00  
25 No 2031 Boys' Brown Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 9 00  
20 No 535 Boys' Diagonal Suits at..... 18 00

and many other bargains in job lots too numerous to mention.

And the Children have not been forgotten. We have many things that will bring a smile to their bright faces. Our stock of Children's Clothing is unlimited and made to suit the most fastidious mothers. Below we give a partial list:

20 No 22 Children's Brown Plaid Cassimere Suits at.....\$ 3 50  
25 No 583 Children's Diagonal Black Cassimere Suits at..... 8 00  
50 No 546 Children's Fancy Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 3 00  
50 No 1210 Children's Brown Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 4 50  
20 No 322 Children's Gray Mixed Cassimere Suits at..... 2 25  
25 No 85 Children's Brown Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 4 25  
25 No 287 Children's Brown Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 6 75  
25 No 388 Children's Blue Mixed Cassimere Suits at..... 5 00  
50 No 272 Children's Black Corded Cassimere Suits at..... 4 75  
65 No 107 Children's Fancy Plaid Cassimere Suits at..... 8 00

and many smaller lots at very low prices.

We have also just received the finest stock of OVERCOATS for Men and Boys of all sizes and at all prices. Our stock is far better and larger than we have ever before offered to our trade.

Our stock of Men's, Boys and Children's HATS is almost unbounded in variety and at very low figures. Men's wove Hats, from 50c to \$5.00; Boys and Children's Hats from 25c to \$3.00.

All these goods are strictly new goods and will be shown with pleasure.

We ask only a trial to prove all that has been said.

W. H. BROTHERTON.

JOHN RYAN'S

SPECIAL TO THE

LADIES

OF ATLANTA.

You are cordially invited to call and inspect the finest as well as the largest stock of novelty dress goods, passamen-

teries, laces, hosiery, etc., ever seen south of New York city (and will bear favorable comparison with any of them.)

My stock of moire silks in black and colors cannot be beat.

My stock of fancy striped and brocade plushes are the finest goods ever brought to Georgia.

My stock of black silks, black and colored cashmeres, shooda cloths, armeres, pacon cloths in all colors and striped and plaid dress goods of every description cannot be touched in variety, immensity and